

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDEN, PROPRIETORS

WM. E. WHEELER, EDITOR.
Business letters should be addressed to the
Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDEN."

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1866.

The leading journals in the English cities express the opinion that the radical faction in the United States will force the country into another civil war sooner than they expect their Congressional spoils and chances of obtaining the sole executive power. President Johnson's policy and the action of the Philadelphia Convention are very generally endorsed. — Boston Post.

Of course these "leading English journals" are quite ready to take the rebel and copperhead side again, in any new controversy in this country. Of course with them Johnson is all right and the radicals all wrong. Nothing else is to be expected of papers which were constantly on the rebel side during the rebellion, and which did all they could then to break up and destroy the American Republic, and any anxiety or desirous of doing the same thing again, in opportunity offered. It does not look very well, however, to see an American journal which professedly opposed the rebellion, and with approval these new assaults from the English Tory papers which were so bitterly fighting with our enemies during the war.

Missouri. The political struggle in this State is exceedingly bitter and vehement. Its results in particular districts are still doubtful. The 72,769 voters who supported Lincoln's re-election in 1864 are all or have but the dead, and we predict a Republican Union vote in November of at least 50,000. But the 31,538 voters for McClellan have meantime been greatly strengthened by the return of Price and his army. Davis and though the State constitution forbids their voting, they will nearly all vote at least once in defiance of it. We shall be agreeably disappointed if the Johnson vote of Nov. 6th is not reduced by these recruits to at least 70,000. — Tribune.

As to the rebel voting in Missouri at the coming election, we have no fear. We are informed that the Legislature of that State, in order to strengthen the new Registry law, which was made to protect the loyal voters, enacted on the last day of its last session a law which provides for throwing out, and declaring null and void, the vote of any precinct or county where force or violence of any kind is used to overawe or intimidate the Registers in the performance of their duty. Gov. Fletcher, who always means what he says, has assured the people of his State that the Constitution and laws which they have made, must and shall be respected—and they will be. Johnson and his rebel friends to the contrary notwithstanding. If help is needed, we do not think it will be Gov. Oglesby of Illinois will give Gov. Fletcher fifty thousand men on a few hours' notice, who would make the job of cleaning out what is left of the rebellion in Missouri, and would do it in quick time.

The N. Y. Tribune having said that one result of the recent overwhelming Union victory in this State, was "a moral certainty that Hannibal Hamlin will be returned to the United States Senate for six years from the fourth of March next," a well known correspondent of the Whig thus takes the matter right in the Tribune of the 22d inst. "Mr. Fessenden's term in the U. S. Senate expires in 1871, and Mr. Morrill's in 1872, consequently there is no vacancy to fill in 1867. Mr. Hamlin did not resign his 'Collectorship' in the Boston Custom House for a place in the 'United States Senate.' Every man who knows Hannibal Hamlin knows that he has made the course he took by a high, noble and manly impulse of patriotism. Under the circumstances, he felt that it would be honorable to hold place by his own will, for an hour, under and by the consent of the traitor, Andrew Johnson, after he had made his wicked assault upon Congress. He also knew that his example would have a powerful effect upon the elections just coming upon us. Knowing this, and feeling the momentous importance of the crisis, Mr. Hamlin surrounded his highly lucrative position, and took the stump in this State for the radical candidates, speaking every day and night until he was hoarse, and in fact the country knows. Describing upon his standard, 'Equal Rights for all Men created by God,' he summoned the loyal, radical men of the State around him, and the result of the contest in the Senate, he cheer the heart of every loyal man in the land, while it strikes terror to the disloyal, from Andrew Johnson to Mayor Monroe. All honor to Hannibal Hamlin for the noble and unselfish spirit which he has manifested. The influence of his example will be felt through the length and breadth of the land, and the nation will hold him in grateful remembrance.

SINGULAR LEGAL OPINION. A Memphis lawyer relates, if we may rely upon a statement of the Memphis Bulletin, that while in Carroll county last week, he had attended the preliminary trial of a man before a county magistrate, charged with stealing corn from a neighbor's crib. The evidence went to show that the defendant had been found with his hand in the aperture in the crib, safely fastened in a steel trap which the owner had set for the purpose of catching the thief who had been trying upon his grain. It was also in evidence that two empty corn sacks were found lying at the feet of the trapped individual. The decision of the magistrate was that there was no proof that the prisoner had stolen any corn, and so he being caught in a steel trap, and having a perfect right to stick his hand in one, if he felt inclined to do so.

Gen. Grant's father, in answer to a recent letter of inquiry, says: "You know enough about Ulysses to know that to accept the Presidency would be to him an act of self-sacrifice and personal interest. He could not well do so. He is a candidate for public favor, and his present position is every way a much better one than that of President. But if there were two men to be the same necessity for it, two years hence he now, I expect, he will yield."

A correspondent writes that he was recently invited to a 1 o'clock lunch at the Fifth Avenue residence of a New York broker. He was ushered into a magnificent apartment, seated at a gorgeous table decked in all the paraphernalia of a good dinner. The bill of fare consisted of six courses, first course, wine, and a variety of pastry, etc. He rose at half-past five, and saw this was only a lunch.

The Immense Convention of Soldiers at Pittsburg.

The Boston Advertiser's correspondent writes on the 26th:

The delegates to the Convention seem perfectly satisfied at their reception. The city has suspended all business except that of supplying this great occasion, and the citizens are testifying their welcome in ways almost innumerable. Millions of miles of the streets are almost filled with flags. A column of immigration to say that the city shows over a hundred thousand flags. The decoration in this respect is the wonder and delight of everybody.

The aggregate of delegates is beyond computation. They are quartered all over the city, in hotels, in halls, in store-houses and steamboats, and in private residences. The number cannot be less than ten thousand, and may be fifteen thousand. This, of course, is independent of the soldiers resident in the city, and of the immense throng of friends from Ohio, Western Pennsylvania, and other sections. The room is built large enough for such a gathering. The names of Logan, Barry, Burnside, Cleary, and every other prominent officer, were cheered again and again in the wildest manner; Logan, in particular, receiving quite a tumult of cheering, which was never even before heard. He would have been the unanimous candidate for president had he been here.

The nomination of private L. Edwin Dill of Boston, formerly of the 15th Massachusetts Regiment, and now in the U. S. Treasury Department, from which he was practically turned out, because he came to the convention, was an act that touched the hearts of his late comrades in the army. They received him with the most hearty and electric cheers. His friends on taking the chair were moderate and sensible, and he performed his duties with ease and promptness.

On the evening of Tuesday there was an immense torchlight procession, with all the church bells of the city (more than a hundred) ringing.

A great feature in the procession, is the great band of the 15th Mass. Regt., carried by the 15th Wisconsin regiment during the last year of the war. It was over white, and was carried by the 15th Wisconsin regiment during the last year of the war. It was over white, and was carried by the 15th Wisconsin regiment during the last year of the war.

After the procession had passed, an immense mass meeting was organized in front of the Merchants' Exchange, and continued until nearly midnight. Gens. Barry, Buller, Sigbee, Burnside and others, being the speakers.

The Vice Presidents from Maine were Gen. Charles Hamlin and Sergeant George Robinson, and there were two or more from each northern State, and from several Territories. In almost every case one of the Vice Presidents was either private or a non-commissioned officer.

For reports of Wednesday's proceedings see telegraphic columns.

The Journal's despatch says: The Committee on Resolutions, was then announced, as they had been nominated by the several delegations. There had been some discussion as to whether the committee by their friends of immoderate union suffrage, and those who desire to make the proposed constitutional amendment the issue in the present campaign, and from upholding the amendment. The latter had the majority. The members of the committee from New England are H. M. Plaford of Maine; Gen. Duncan and Gen. Hamlin of New Hampshire; Col. Proctor and Lt. Bliss of Vermont; Col. Bailey and Col. Linn of New York; and Capt. Denison of Rhode Island, and Col. Plaford and Lieut. Train of Connecticut.

One of the first and most interesting, and the most important of the resolutions, was the one denouncing Andrew Johnson for having intimidated that he could use the army to make him Dictator, was loudly cheered. Others, offered by Gen. Hamlin and Capt. Knott, denouncing the use of force, were also enthusiastically cheered by about half the delegation, but the others remained silent.

The same divided reception greeted the resolution denouncing the use of force by the Missouri delegation who are detained by the damage done to the railroads by the recent storm. They say: "We do hereby renounce the use of force, and we do hereby renounce the use of force, and we do hereby renounce the use of force."

These resolutions are introduced individually by every delegate that I have heard of, and the result is that the convention is a very lively one. Strange as it may seem, those who were Breckinridge Democrats during the war are now the most radical of the radicals.

The Richmond Dispatch thinks it "marvelous that Mr. Johnson should allow such men as Bots, Brownlow, Corney, Greeley, Butler, Wendell Phillips, and Jack Hamlin, to travel over the country and make speeches denouncing him and his policy, or to publish newspapers filled with bitter denunciations of his policy, his character and his intentions. Where is the army? Where is the speaking bayonet?"

A gentleman travelling in the Province lately entered a village where he saw a large body of militia being drilled by some one who was invisible. Coming home he found to his intense amazement that the officer was actually sitting down in his shirt, it appears that finding it too hot in the sun, he snatched his shirt off and sat in the sun, he snatched his shirt off and sat in the sun, he snatched his shirt off and sat in the sun.

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CONCERT.

This (THURSDAY) Evening, Sept. 27th.

NOROMBEGA HALL,

Penobscot Musical Association.

Under the direction of L. E. SOUTHWARD, of Boston, assisted by MRS. H. M. SMITH, MISS ADDIE S. RYAN, and others.

Mendelssohn Quintette Club, of Boston.

Tickets at the Book Store, 25 cents. Reserved Seats at 50 cents. Reserved Seats at 50 cents. Reserved Seats at 50 cents.

Public kindness, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents. To be had at the Book Store, 25 cents.

City of Bangor.

The regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be held at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall on Friday, the 28th inst. at 10 o'clock. H. B. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

March 29, 1866.

Light, Light, Light!

Light Equal to Gas.

The great FALCOIL BURNER can be used in any room, and is free from smoke and gas. It is entirely different from any other burner, and does not depend directly upon the Wick for its light. It does not depend directly upon the Wick for its light. It does not depend directly upon the Wick for its light.

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MUSICAL FESTIVAL!

The Penobscot Musical Association.

NINETEENTH ANNUAL SESSION.

In November, 1866. Commencing on TUESDAY, September 26, at 9 o'clock, A.M.

And continuing in session four days, under the direction of L. E. SOUTHWARD, of Boston, assisted by MRS. H. M. SMITH, MISS ADDIE S. RYAN, and others.

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TELEGRAPHIC

Whig & Courier.

Report of the Committee on Resolutions.

The Course of Congress Cordially Endorsed.

Denial of the President's Power of Creating a "Dictatorship."

Unfavorable Accounts from the Crops in Europe.

Later from Mexico.

Special to the Whig & Courier.

AGUSTA, Sept. 26. Lewis B. Smith, Esq., of Portland, has this day been appointed Aid-de-Camp to the Governor with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, vice Charles H. Smith, resigned.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 14. The convention was opened with prayer. Quite a discussion arose on the question whether States which were only partially represented could with propriety have the same number of votes they would have fully represented—which was summarily settled by laying the whole matter on the table.

Gen. McAllister said his name was attached to the Cleveland convention without authority. He denounced that assembly.

"I move that, whereas the City Council of Pittsburgh and Allegheny have extended the freedom of both of their beautiful cities to John Burns, the patriot, and whereas they did not to Andrew Johnson, the apostate, therefore be it—

Resolved, That we recognize in the people of Pittsburgh and Allegheny cities, people who have never been so green in the hearts of the 'Boys in Blue'.

With three rousing cheers the resolution was adopted.

Gov. Curtin and Gen. Willard and Negley were in turn called to the stand and made speeches.

John Burns was then presented with a gold-headed cane by the Pittsburgh Convention.

Gen. Butler, chairman of the committee on resolutions appeared. After great cheering, he came forward and said:

Mr. President: The committee on resolutions have unanimously instructed me to report the following as the action of the committee on the resolutions:

"A resolution, that the President of the United States, in his capacity as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, in Convention assembled, be it—

Resolved, That the action of the present Congress, in passing the Constitutional amendment is wise, prudent and just. It is a declaration of the people of the United States, and it is the duty of every citizen to support it.

It places on a just and equal basis the right of representation, making the vote of a man in one State equal to the vote of a man in another State. It is a declaration of the people of the United States, and it is the duty of every citizen to support it.

Resolved, That the President, as an Executive Officer, has no right to interfere with the action of the Congress. It is the duty of every citizen to support it.

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For some time, Mr. Elwell being weak and somewhat alarmed for his own safety, and thinking that the ruffian might have some confederates in ambush, left the would-be murderer on the plank walk and started for the State House at East Cambridge, where he notified the police of the affair. Officers at once proceeded to search for the ruffian, but he had no good escape. There was a good deal of blood upon the plank walk and a paper collar was found which was stained with blood. Mr. Elwell is indisposed at his residence this morning. He had a neck wound of blood upon the neck, and the first knife striking the book in his pocket, no doubt saved his life. The ruffian was apparently about 25 years of age, stout built, 5 feet 5 inches in height, and rather poorly dressed. —Boston Herald.

LOCAL AND STATE ITEMS.

The Penobscot Musical Association.

SECOND DAY.

Wednesday, Sept. 26.

The exercises proceeded under the vigorous direction of Mr. Southard.

During the forenoon, Mrs. J. A. Crowell, our own favorite singer, sang the ballad, "Maggie's Secret." Piano accompaniment by Master Frankie L. Crowell.

Mr. Joseph R. Winch, of Boston, sang "Good night, beloved," by Balfe. Piano accompaniment by Mr. Southard.

The following were chosen a Business Committee: O. R. Barrows of Kennebec; E. R. Alford of Oldtown; S. Jewett of Bangor; N. Warren of Vassal; J. J. Norris of Bradley; G. H. Carpenter of Waterville; G. S. Silsby of Winterville.

Committee to nominate officers: T. G. Stickney and S. L. Hodgman of Bangor; W. Crocker of Hermon; H. G. Mower of Dexter; J. R. Farrington of Brewer; J. R. Holt of Hampden; E. B. Bales of Dedham.

Afternoon Session.—An hour was occupied in class exercises.

At three o'clock there was a public rehearsal.

The remainder of the afternoon, was occupied by the class in the practice of choruses. A concert was held in the evening, which was very fully attended.

The session this morning commences at half past 8 o'clock—especially for teachers. Club at 9 o'clock with the Quintette Club at 11.

Afternoon session at 2 o'clock. Public rehearsal at 2.

Concert in the evening at 7 o'clock. Tickets 35 cts., at the Bookstore. Reserved seats 50 cts.—may be secured during the day.

Mr. Hinks, at Duren's Bookstore—where a play of the Hall may be seen. No. 9 of the season tickets (marked S. T.) exchanged for reserved seats, if desired, on payment of 25 cents.

—The Portland Star says: Gen. H. M. Plisted of Bangor is stopping in the city this forenoon. He was a delegate to the Pittsburgh Convention, and was taken sick in Boston with chills and fever and obliged to return home.

Gen. Plisted's name appears on the committee on resolutions.

—A Canton subscriber asks information in regard to a matter upon which we have no information. The statement he refers to was never published in the Whig, we think, nor do we know that a decision has ever been made upon the point whether a contract made upon a gold basis before the war can be enforced upon a gold basis now.

—For list of premiums on fruit, vegetables, &c., at the second horticultural exhibition next week, see fourth page.

DEATH OF A PRIEST. Rev. Mr. Barron of the Roman Catholic Church died last Saturday in that city. He had been ill for some weeks. Rev. Father Gilles, of this city, was present at the funeral.

—The race between "Brewer" and "Gray" (Stranger) advertised to come off Sept. 19th, will take place Friday the 28th. There will also be a race the same day, between "Porter" and "Brewer" owned by H. G. Thaxter and "Katie" owned by G. J. Mitchell, (owners to drive) at two o'clock P. M. [Times.]

—Patents for Maine issued from the United States Patent Office for the week ending Sept. 18:

William F. Caldwell, of Oxford, for improvement in planters.

George L. Howland of Topsham for improvement in hoisting apparatus.

E. B. Robinson of Portland for improvement in flat irons.

E. P. Chase of Rockland, assignor to self and John Eaton of same place, for improvement in steam generators.

THE KENNEBEC MURDER. The Spec Democrat says that on Sunday morning last Dr. C. M. Sweet, of Kennebec, died from the effects of morphia administered by his wife. The doctor until within a few years has always sustained a good character, but in that time he had taken to drinking, and on Sunday morning he had a bottle of whiskey in the hay in his barn, which he had visited two or three times before the family were up. His wife sent a little girl to find the bottle, which she found and handed to Mrs. Sweet, when she poured some powder into the bottle and after shaking it sent the girl to replace it in the hay. Shortly after the doctor went to the barn for a few moments, and came in, after which he helped his wife about making the fire, and then sat down on the sofa where he soon fell asleep, never to wake. His wife, after finding that he could not be awakened, took a large dose of morphia, for the purpose of killing herself, but was discovered in season to prevent death. Mrs. Sweet, we understand, had given on her husband morphia two or three times previously, which had made him sick, and it was for that purpose that she sent the last dose was intended. The case will be brought before the Grand Jury at the present term.

FATAL ACCIDENT. Information was received here yesterday that Col. Joshua Carpenter, so well known in this part of the State—and old and prominent citizen of Houlton—was instantly killed on Saturday last by the falling of a tree.

The advance in our manufacturing exports which we noted last week, was continued at the weekly look place, as was evidenced by the Boston Record of Saturday. A domestic mill shoe advanced from 198 to 201; Bates from 155 to 157; Continental from 113 to 115. —[Lewiston Journal.]

A Boston hack driver has been fined \$10 and costs for extorting \$2 as his fare from the Boston and Maine to the Worcester depot—about one mile. The sounder would claim the right to charge what they please, when they go in a hurry so as to catch the N. Y. train.

DRY GOODS!

WILL OPEN

This Day, Sept 17th,

At No. 19

MAIN STREET,

\$20,000

WORTH OF

NEW FALL GOODS!

\$3000

WORTH OF SILKS,

ALL COLORS,

FROM AUCTION.

20 PIECES THIBETS,

At \$1.00 Per Yard.

One Bale of Crash,

At 12 1/2 CENTS PER YARD.

20 Pieces Lyonsese Cloth,

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED.

Also, an Invoice of

LINEN HDKFS.,

Table Linens and Towels,

AT ABOUT

25 Per Cent.

Under the Regular Prices!!

REMEMBER!

THE PLACE FOR

BARGAINS

IS AT

No. 19 Main Street!

G. W. STEVENS.

Sept. 17—Claw 2w—w3t

Wanted, Immediately.

AGENTS everywhere, to introduce Littlefield's

est fuel ever in the world. Burns almost clear

its \$1 to \$10 per cord. No noise. No smoke.

Send two stamps for circular.

Sept. 14—LITTLEFIELD, No. 102 Washington St., Boston.

Bangor Bridge Company.

THE Stockholders and Proprietors of the BAN-

GOR BRIDGE COMPANY are hereby notified

that their Annual Meeting will be held at the

Banking room of the First National Bank in

Bangor, on THURSDAY the second day of October next,

at 10 o'clock in the afternoon, for the choice of Officers, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Witness the hand of the President, and the Seal of the Company, this 15th day of September, 1890.

Bangor, Sept. 15, 1890.

U. S. Internal Revenue.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, 4TH DISTRICT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

That Collection Divisions Nos. 2 and 3 have been discontinued, and the duties of the same are now performed by the Collector at Bangor.

Sept 22—d&w (Dover Observer copy)

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MAIN STREET,

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Sept 22—d&w (Dover Observer copy)

Gentle House for Sale.

THE ELEGANT ESTATE, No. 152 State

Street. The lot extends from Fruit to Otis Street

200 ft. and runs back on Otis Street 100 ft.

The House fronts on State Street—38 by 20 ft.

2-story and attic, with 2 story ell and barn.

The House is arranged and situated in a

man of fine taste, for his own residence, and it

is well adapted for sale. It will be sold on very

easy terms, and possession can be had immediately.

For further particulars inquire of

J. B. Foster & Co.

aug. 31

For Sale,

Or to exchange for House and Stable in the

city, situated in East Bangor, 100 ft. back

from the city—3 ACRES OF LAND, with

House, Wood Shed and Stable. All in good repair,

also two good wells of water. Any one wishing to

exchange can get a good bargain.

1890.25.41. C. P. BARKER.

For Rent.

The Brick Store on the corner of State St.

and East Market Square, reserved the cham-

bers, which are now loaded, also, Store No. 2

in the same block. These stores have superior

cellars for storing coal and dry goods. They

have main thoroughfares leading out of the city,

which command the heavy trade.

Call on A. WALKER, Esq., Esq.

Bangor, Sept. 24/1890.—41

FOR SALE.

A SMALL FARM, containing

10 to 12 acres, situated in East Bangor, with

under good state of cultivation; an in-

exhaustible bed of superior muck on

the premises; building nearly new.

Was formerly occupied by a Butcher, and has all

facilities for that business; situated near the Ken-

nebec road, two miles from Bangor P. M.

For terms, &c., apply to

Bangor, Sept. 18, 1890.

The Kendrick Farm for Sale.

The Farm formerly known as

